



AMERICAN OSTEOPATHIC ASSOCIATION

**Departmental Segregated Total Form
for
General Surgery**

**American Osteopathic Association
and the
American College of Osteopathic Surgeons**

AMERICAN OSTEOPATHIC ASSOCIATION
GENERAL SURGERY
DEPARTMENTAL SEGREGATED TOTALS
MAJOR PROCEDURES

Base Institution: _____ **City:** _____ **State:** _____

Program Director: _____

Director of Medical Education: _____

Training Year: _____

Instructions:

1. This form must be completed and submitted with the required application documented by:
 - Institutions with AOA Approved General Surgery residency training programs requesting an increase in the number of AOA-Approved Resident positions or,
 - Institutions seeking approval of a new General Surgery residency training program.
2. Report only major procedures. (Multiple major procedures per patient may be reported.)
3. The mortality for each of the procedures listed must be reported on this form.
4. All information should reflect the procedures from July 1 to June 30 of the prior year.
5. Mail to: Residency Evaluation and Standards Committee (RESC), c/o American College of Osteopathic Surgeons, 123 North Henry Street, Alexandria, VA 22314-2903.

Total Major Procedures for Training Year: _____

Specify the number of residents for the specialty below:

General Surgery Residents	_____
Orthopedic Residents	_____
Urology Residents	_____
OB/GYN Residents	_____
General Vascular Residents	_____
Neurological Surgery Residents	_____
ENT Residents	_____
Cardiothoracic Vascular Residents	_____
Surgical Critical Care Residents	_____

	Procedures	Mortalities
I. SKIN AND SOFT TISSUE		
A. Major lymphadenectomy	_____	_____
B. Excision of tissue for hydradenitis	_____	_____
C. Excision of malignant lesion	_____	_____
D. Sentinel lymph node biopsy for melanoma (SNLB)	_____	_____
E. Radical excision of soft tissue tumor	_____	_____
F. Other major skin and soft tissue surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION I	_____	_____
II. HEAD AND NECK		
A. Excision of thyroglossal duct cyst	_____	_____
B. Excision of brachial cleft cyst	_____	_____
C. Lefort fracture reconstruction	_____	_____
D. Other facial reconstruction	_____	_____
E. Excision of salivary gland	_____	_____
F. Laryngectomy with radical neck dissection	_____	_____
G. Sinusotomy	_____	_____
H. Tonsillectomy/adenoidectomy	_____	_____
I. Other major head and neck surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION II	_____	_____
III. PLASTICS		
A. Myocutaneous flap reconstruction	_____	_____
B. Omental flap reconstruction	_____	_____
C. Free flap reconstruction	_____	_____
D. Split thickness skin graft	_____	_____
E. Full thickness skin graft	_____	_____
F. Application of allograft or xenograft	_____	_____
G. Abdominoplasty/panniculectomy	_____	_____
H. Facial augmentation procedure	_____	_____
I. Other augmentation / contouring procedure	_____	_____
J. Suction assisted lipectomy	_____	_____
K. Other major plastic surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION III	_____	_____

IV. BREAST

- A. Simple mastectomy _____
- B. Subcutaneous mastectomy/skin sparing _____
- C. Modified radical mastectomy _____
- D. Radical mastectomy _____

Procedures Mortalities

- E. Partial mastectomy with axillary lymphadenectomy _____
- F. Axillary lymphadenectomy _____
- G. Sentinal lymph node biopsy of axillary nodes (SLNB) _____
- H. Reduction mammoplasty _____
- I. Augmentation mammoplasty _____
- J. Breast reconstruction with tissue expander _____
- K. Breast reconstruction with TRAM flap _____
- L. Breast reconstruction with other flap _____
- M. Other major breast surgery _____

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION IV _____

V. ESOPHAGUS

- A. Partial esophagectomy _____
- B. Total esophagectomy _____
- C. Esophago-gastreotomy _____
- D. Nissen fundoplication (open) _____
- E. Nissen fundoplication (laparoscopic) _____
- F. Other antireflux procedure (abdominal approach) _____
- G. Esophageal bypass _____
- H. Repair of esophageal perforation (non-trauma) _____
- I. Esophageal diverticulectomy _____
- J. Other major esophageal surgery _____

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION V _____

VI. STOMACH

- A. Gastrostomy (open) _____
- B. Repair / oversew of gastric ulcer _____
- C. Partial gastric resection (open) _____
- D. Partial gastric resection (laparoscopic) _____
- E. Total gastric resection _____
- F. Vagotomy (truncal) with pyloroplasty _____
- G. Vagotomy (highly selective) with pyloroplasty _____
- H. Pyloroplasty _____
- I. Gastroduodenostomy (Billroth I) _____
- J. Gastrojejunostomy (Billroth II) _____
- K. Roux-en-Y gastrojejunostomy _____
- L. Billroth to Roux-en-Y conversion _____
- M. Pyloromyotomy (non-pediatric) _____
- N. Gastric bypass / bariatric surgery (open) _____
- O. Gastric bypass / bariatric surgery (laparoscopic) _____
- P. Other major gastric surgery _____

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION VI _____

	Procedures	Mortalities
VII. SMALL INTESTINE		
A. Enterolysis	_____	_____
B. Small bowel resection	_____	_____
C. Ileostomy	_____	_____
D. Jejunostomy for enteral nutrition	_____	_____
E. Small bowel enterorrhaphy	_____	_____
F. Laparoscopic procedures		
1. Enterolysis	_____	_____
2. Small bowel resection	_____	_____
3. Ileostomy	_____	_____
4. Enterorrhaphy	_____	_____
G. Small bowel diverticulectomy (Meckel's)	_____	_____
H. Repair / oversew of duodenal ulcer	_____	_____
I. Small bowel sphincteroplasty	_____	_____
J. Other major small bowel surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION VII	_____	_____
VIII. LARGE INTESTINE		
A. Appendectomy (open)	_____	_____
B. Appendectomy (laparoscopic)	_____	_____
C. Hartmann's procedure	_____	_____
D. Other colostomy	_____	_____
E. Takedown (closure) colostomy	_____	_____
F. Large bowel enterorrhaphy	_____	_____
G. Right hemicolectomy	_____	_____
H. Transverse hemicolectomy	_____	_____
I. Left hemicolectomy	_____	_____
J. Sigmoid colectomy	_____	_____
K. Other partial colectomy (open)	_____	_____
L. Laparoscopic colon resection	_____	_____
M. Subtotal colectomy with ileostomy	_____	_____
N. Abdominoperineal resection (APR)	_____	_____
O. Low anterior resection (LAR)	_____	_____
P. Proctocolectomy with ileostomy	_____	_____
Q. Proctocolectomy with ileoproctostomy	_____	_____
R. Proctocolectomy with ileoanal pull-thru	_____	_____
S. Proctocolectomy with pouch reconstruction	_____	_____
T. Cecostomy	_____	_____
U. Other major large bowel surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION VIII	_____	_____

IX. ANUS / RECTUM

A. Sphincterotomy / sphincteroplasty	_____	_____
B. Transanal excision of rectal mass	_____	_____
	Procedures	Mortalities
C. Operations for rectal incontinence	_____	_____
D. Repair of rectal prolapse	_____	_____
E. Other major ano-rectal surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION IX	_____	_____

X. BILIARY

A. Cholecystostomy	_____	_____
B. Cholecystectomy (open)	_____	_____
1. With cholangiogram	_____	_____
2. With common duct exploration	_____	_____
3. With choledochoscopy	_____	_____
C. Laparoscopic cholecystectomy	_____	_____
1. With cholangiogram	_____	_____
2. With common duct exploration	_____	_____
3. With choledochoscopy	_____	_____
D. Choledochoenteric anastomosis	_____	_____
E. Repair of bile duct	_____	_____
F. Sphincteroplasty (Oddi)	_____	_____
G. Other major biliary surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION X	_____	_____

XI. LIVER

A. Lobectomy or segmentectomy	_____	_____
B. Wedge resection	_____	_____
C. Hepatorrhaphy (non-trauma)	_____	_____
D. Insertion hepatic artery infusion pump	_____	_____
E. Liver biopsy (open)	_____	_____
F. Liver biopsy (laparoscopic)	_____	_____
G. Cryo-ablation of hepatic lesion	_____	_____
H. Radiofrequency-ablation of hepatic lesion	_____	_____
I. Other excision of hepatic lesion	_____	_____
J. Drainage of liver abscess	_____	_____
K. Other major liver surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XI	_____	_____

XII. PANCREAS

A. Drainage of pancreatic abscess	_____	_____
B. Resection for pancreatic necrosis	_____	_____
C. Pancreatic debridement	_____	_____
D. Local excision of pancreatic lesion	_____	_____
E. Pancreatic cyst-gastrostomy	_____	_____
F. Pancreatic cyst-jejunostomy	_____	_____

G.	Other drainage of pancreatic cyst	_____	_____
		Procedures	Mortalities
H.	Distal pancreatic resection	_____	_____
I.	Pancreaticoduodenectomy (Whipple)	_____	_____
J.	Other pancreatic resection	_____	_____
K.	Other major pancreatic surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XII		_____	_____
XIII. SPLEEN (non-trauma)			
A.	Splenectomy (open)	_____	_____
B.	Splenectomy (laparoscopic)	_____	_____
C.	Partial splenectomy	_____	_____
D.	Splenorrhaphy	_____	_____
E.	Other major spleen surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XIII		_____	_____
XIV. ABDOMEN – MISCELLANEOUS			
A.	Exploratory laparotomy (non-trauma)	_____	_____
B.	Diagnostic laparoscopy (non-trauma)	_____	_____
C.	Drainage intra-abdominal abscess	_____	_____
D.	Retroperitoneal/pelvic lymphadenectomy	_____	_____
E.	Closure of disruption or evisceration	_____	_____
F.	Placement peritoneal dialysis catheter (CAPD)	_____	_____
G.	Removal peritoneal dialysis catheter	_____	_____
H.	Other miscellaneous general abdominal surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XIV		_____	_____

XV. HERNIA (adult only)

A.	Open herniorrhaphy		
1.	Open inguinal (unilateral)	_____	_____
2.	Open inguinatl (bilateral)	_____	_____
3.	Open femoral	_____	_____
4.	Open ventral/umbilical	_____	_____
5.	Open incisional	_____	_____
6.	Diaphragmatic (non-trauma)	_____	_____
7.	Other major open hernia surgery	_____	_____
B.	Laparoscopic herniorrhaphy		
1.	Laparoscopic extra-peritoneal inguinal (TEPA)	_____	_____
2.	Laparoscopic intra-peritoneal inguinal (TAPP)	_____	_____
3.	Laparoscopic ventral/umbilical	_____	_____
4.	Other major laparoscopic hernia surgery	_____	_____

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XV

Procedures Mortalities

XVI. VASCULAR

A.	Vascular - Arterial		
1.	Aorto-iliac/femoral bypass	_____	_____
2.	Ilio-iliac bypass	_____	_____
4.	Axillo-femoral bypass	_____	_____
5.	Axillo-popliteal-distal bypass	_____	_____
6.	Femoral-popliteal bypass	_____	_____
7.	Femoral-distal bypass	_____	_____
8.	Popliteal-distal bypass	_____	_____
9.	Re-do of extremity bypass	_____	_____
10.	Revision of extremity bypass	_____	_____
11.	Thrombectomy/embolectomy – artery	_____	_____
12.	Femoral/profunda endarterectomy	_____	_____
12.	Peripheral artery angioplasty	_____	_____
14.	Temporal artery biopsy	_____	_____
15.	Celiac/SMA endarterectomy or bypass	_____	_____
16.	Renal endarterectomy or bypass	_____	_____
17.	Other major artery surgery	_____	_____
B.	Vascular - Aneurysm		
1.	Infrarenal aorto-iliac (AAA) – elective	_____	_____
2.	Infrarenal aorto-iliac (AAA) – ruptured	_____	_____
3.	Infrarenal aortic aneurysm (sleeve graft)	_____	_____
4.	Suprarenal aortic aneurysm (AAA)	_____	_____
5.	Thoracic aortic aneurysm	_____	_____
6.	Thoraco-abdominal aortic aneurysm	_____	_____
7.	Femoral artery aneurysm	_____	_____
8.	Popliteal artery aneurysm	_____	_____
9.	Other major aneurysm surgery	_____	_____

C.	Vascular - Cerebrovascular		
	1. Carotid endarterectomy	_____	_____
	2. Reoperative carotid surgery	_____	_____
	3. Excision carotid body tumor	_____	_____
	4. Vertebral artery surgery	_____	_____
	5. Carotid-subclavian bypass	_____	_____
	6. Other major cerebrovascular surgery	_____	_____
D.	Vascular - Amputation		
	1. Amputation, below knee (BKA)	_____	_____
	2. Amputation, above knee (AKA)	_____	_____
	3. Amputation, guillotine type	_____	_____
	4. Amputation, stump revision	_____	_____
	5. Amputation, transmetatarsal	_____	_____
	6. Amputation, digit	_____	_____
	7. Amputation, upper extremity	_____	_____
	8. Other major amputation surgery	_____	_____
E.	Vascular - Venous		
	1. Ligation greater saphrenous vein	_____	_____
	2. Varicose vein stripping/ligation	_____	_____
	3. SEPS ligation of venous perforators	_____	_____
		Procedures	Mortalities
	4. Thrombectomy/embolectomy – vein	_____	_____
	5. Venous reconstruction	_____	_____
	6. Repair A-V malformation	_____	_____
	7. Porto-systemic shunt	_____	_____
	8. Other major venous surgery	_____	_____
F.	Vascular – Fistulas And Grafts		
	1. A-V fistula/graft – creation	_____	_____
	2. A-V fistula/graft – revision	_____	_____
	3. A-V fistula/graft – thrombectomy	_____	_____
	4. Excise infected graft	_____	_____
	5. Repair graft-enteric fistula	_____	_____
	6. Other major A-V fistula surgery	_____	_____
G.	Vascular – Interventional And Endovascular		
	1. Endovascular repair aortic aneurysm	_____	_____
	2. Endovascular conversion to open AAA	_____	_____
	3. Other endovascular graft	_____	_____
	4. Vena cava interruption / filter (Greenfield)	_____	_____
	5. Balloon angioplasty peripheral artery	_____	_____
	6. Balloon angioplasty with stent	_____	_____
	7. Thrombolysis of peripheral artery	_____	_____
	8. Other interventional / endovascular surgery	_____	_____
	TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XVI	_____	_____

XVII. CARDIOVASCULAR

- A. Coronary artery bypass graft (CABG) _____
- B. Cannulation for bypass _____
- C. Peripheral vein/artery harvest _____
- D. Replacement of heart valve _____
- E. Repair of septal defect _____
- F. Repair congenital cardiac anomalies _____
- G. Cardiac pacemaker insertion _____
- H. Cardiac AICD insertion _____
- I. Intraaortic balloon pump insertion (IABP) _____
- J. Other major cardiovascular surgery _____

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XVII _____

XVIII. THORACIC

- A. Exploratory thoracotomy (non-trauma) _____
 - 1. Pneumonectomy _____
 - 2. Radical pneumonectomy _____
 - 3. Lobectomy/segmental lung resection _____
 - 4. Wedge resection/biopsy lung _____
 - 5. Decortication _____
 - 6. Pleurodesis/pleurectomy _____
 - 7. Drainage of empyema _____

- B. Thorascopic surgery/VATS (non-trauma) _____
 - 1. Wedge resection/biopsy lung _____
 - 2. Lobectomy/segmental lung resection _____
 - 3. Decortication _____
 - 4. Pleurodesis/pleurectomy _____
 - 5. Drainage of empyema _____
 - 6. Other major thorascopioc surgery _____

Procedures Mortalities

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XVIII _____

XIX. ENDOCRINE

- A. Partial thyroid lobectomy _____
- B. Total thyroidectomy _____
- C. Other thyroidectomy _____
- D. Parathyroidectomy _____
- E. Sestamibi localized parathyroidectomy _____
- F. Other parathyroidectomy _____
- G. Adrenalectomy (open) _____
- H. Adrenalectomy (laparoscopic) _____
- I. Thymectomy _____

- J. Other major endocrine surgery _____

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XIX _____

XX. ORTHOPEDIC (non-trauma)		
A. Arthroscopy	_____	_____
B. Open or closed reduction of fracture	_____	_____
C. Repair of tendon or nerve	_____	_____
D. Other major orthopedic surgery	_____	_____

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XX _____

XXI. NEUROSURGERY		
A. Craniotomy (non-trauma)	_____	_____
B. Extracranial/ventricular shunt placement	_____	_____
C. Spinal cord/nerve root decompression	_____	_____
D. Peripheral nerve decompression	_____	_____
E. ICP or ventriculostomy (non-trauma)	_____	_____
F. Laminectomy	_____	_____
G. Cervical discectomy	_____	_____
H. Other major neurosurgery	_____	_____

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XXI _____

	Procedures	Mortalities
XXII. TRAUMA		
A. Exploratory laparotomy for trauma	_____	_____
B. Exploratory laparoscopy for trauma	_____	_____
C. Neck trauma – exploration only	_____	_____
D. Esophageal trauma – repair/resection/exclusion	_____	_____
E. Gastric trauma – repair/resection/exclusion	_____	_____
F. Duodenal trauma – repair/resection/exclusion	_____	_____
G. Hepatic trauma – repair/pack of laceration	_____	_____
H. Hepatic resection for trauma	_____	_____
I. Splenectomy/splenorrhaphy for trauma	_____	_____
J. Pancreatic trauma – repair/resection/drainage	_____	_____
K. Small bowel trauma – repair/resection/exclusion	_____	_____
L. Colorectal trauma – repair/resection/exclusion	_____	_____
M. Kidney trauma – repair/resection/exploration	_____	_____
N. Ureteral trauma – repair/resection	_____	_____
O. Bladder trauma – repair/resection	_____	_____
P. Diaphragm trauma – repair	_____	_____
Q. Thoracic trauma – open exploratory thoracotomy	_____	_____
R. Thoracic trauma – thorascopic (VATS)	_____	_____
S. Bronchial trauma – repair	_____	_____
T. E.D. thoracotomy with pericardotomy	_____	_____
U. Cardiac trauma – repair	_____	_____
V. Pericardial window with drainage	_____	_____
W. Aorta and great vessel trauma – repair	_____	_____
X. Carotid artery/neck vessel trauma – repair	_____	_____
Y. Vena cava trauma – repair	_____	_____
Z. Peripheral artery or vein trauma – exploration/repair	_____	_____
AA. Closed reduction of fracture (trauma)	_____	_____

BB.	Open reduction of fracture (trauma)	_____	_____
CC.	Craniotomy (trauma)	_____	_____
DD.	Placement of ICP or ventriculostomy (trauma)	_____	_____
EE.	Reduction of maxillofacial fracture (trauma)	_____	_____
FF.	Debridement of major traumatic wounds	_____	_____
GG.	Fasciotomy of extremity for trauma	_____	_____
HH.	Burn debridement and/or grafting	_____	_____
II.	Escharotomy for major burn	_____	_____
JJ.	Other major trauma surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XXII		_____	_____

XXIII. PEDIATRIC

A.	Inguinal hernia (unilateral pediatric)	_____	_____
B.	Inguinal hernia (bilateral pediatric)	_____	_____
C.	Umbilical hernia (pediatric)	_____	_____
D.	Pyloromyotomy (pediatric)	_____	_____
E.	Orchiopexy (pediatric)	_____	_____
F.	Hydrocelectomy (pediatric)	_____	_____

Procedures Mortalities

G.	Diaphragmatic hernia repair (pediatric)	_____	_____
H.	Repair branchial cleft/thyroglossal duct cyst	_____	_____
I.	Chest wall deformity	_____	_____
J.	Omphalocele/gastroschisis	_____	_____
K.	Procedure for meconium ileus/NEC	_____	_____
L.	Procedure for Hirshsprung's	_____	_____
M.	Procedure for intestinal atresia/stenosis	_____	_____
N.	Procedure for imperforate anus	_____	_____
O.	Procedure for malrotation/intussusception	_____	_____
P.	Procedure for esophageal atresia and TE fistula	_____	_____
Q.	Resection of pediatric tumor	_____	_____
R.	Arterial cannulation for ECMO	_____	_____
S.	Epi/hypo-spadias	_____	_____
T.	Other major pediatric surgery	_____	_____

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XXIII _____

XXIV. UROLOGY

A.	Operations On Kidney		
1.	Nephrostomy	_____	_____
2.	Nephrolithotomy	_____	_____
3.	Extracorporeal renal lithotripsy	_____	_____
4.	Drainage of perinephric abscess	_____	_____
5.	Partial nephrectomy (non-trauma)	_____	_____
6.	Total nephrectomy (non-trauma)	_____	_____
7.	Other major kidney surgery	_____	_____

B.	Operations on Ureter		
	1. Ureterolithotomy	_____	_____
	2. Ileal conduit construction	_____	_____
	3. Other external diversion	_____	_____
	4. Other anastomosis	_____	_____
	5. Repair of ureter (non-trauma)	_____	_____
	6. Other major ureter surgery	_____	_____
C.	Operations on Urinary Bladder		
	1. Cystostomy	_____	_____
	2. Partial cystectomy	_____	_____
	3. Total cystectomy	_____	_____
	4. Repair of bladder (non-trauma)	_____	_____
	5. Other major bladder surgery	_____	_____
	6. Open bladder suspension	_____	_____
	7. Laparoscopic bladder suspension	_____	_____
	8. Other repair for incontinence	_____	_____
	9. Other major urinary bladder surgery	_____	_____
D.	Operations on Prostate		
	1. Prostatectomy	_____	_____
	2. Transurethral prostatectomy (TURP)	_____	_____
	3. Radical prostatectomy	_____	_____
		Procedures	Mortalities
	4. Other major prostate surgery	_____	_____
E.	Operations on Testis/Penis		
	1. Unilateral orchiectomy	_____	_____
	2. Bilateral orchiectomy	_____	_____
	3. Orchiopexy (non-pediatric)	_____	_____
	4. Hydrocelectomy (non-pediatric)	_____	_____
	5. Vasectomy (during hernia repair)	_____	_____
	6. Vasovasostomy	_____	_____
	7. Insertion / removal of penile implant	_____	_____
	8. Other major testis or penis surgery	_____	_____
	TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XXIV	_____	_____

XXV. GYNECOLOGY

A.	Operations on Ovary		
	1. Wedge resection ovary	_____	_____
	2. Oophorectomy	_____	_____
	3. Unilateral salpingo-oophorectomy	_____	_____
	4. Bilateral salpingo-oophorectomy	_____	_____
	5. Repair of ovary	_____	_____
	6. Aspiration/fulgarization ovarian cyst	_____	_____
	7. Laparoscopic oophorectomy	_____	_____
	8. Laparoscopic salphingo-oophorectomy	_____	_____
	9. Laparoscopic aspiration ovarian cyst	_____	_____
	10. Other major ovary surgery	_____	_____

B.	Operations on Fallopian Tube		
1.	Unilateral salpingectomy	_____	_____
2.	Bilateral salpingectomy	_____	_____
3.	Ligation and division fallopian tube (open)	_____	_____
4.	Ligation and division fallopian tube (laparoscopic)	_____	_____
5.	Salpingoplasty	_____	_____
6.	Laparoscopic Salpingectomy	_____	_____
7.	Other major fallopian tube surgery	_____	_____
C.	Operations On Uterus		
1.	Total abdominal hysterectomy	_____	_____
a.	With salpingo-oophorectomy	_____	_____
b.	Without salpingo-oophorectomy	_____	_____
2.	Vaginal hysterectomy	_____	_____
3.	Laparoscopic assisted vaginal hysterectomy (LAVH)	_____	_____
4.	Anterior/posterior pelvic exenteration	_____	_____
5.	Other major uterus surgery	_____	_____
D.	Operations On Vagina		
1.	Obliteration or total excision of vagina	_____	_____
2.	Vaginal reconstruction	_____	_____
3.	Cystocele repair (anterior colporrhaphy)	_____	_____
4.	Rectocele repair (posterior colporrhaphy)	_____	_____

Procedures Mortalities

5.	Cystocele with rectocele repair	_____	_____
6.	Enterocoele repair	_____	_____
7.	Other major vagina surgery	_____	_____

TOTAL PROCEUDRES SECTION XXV _____

XXVI. ORGAN TRANSPLANT

A.	Liver transplant	_____	_____
B.	Renal transplant	_____	_____
C.	Pancreas transplant	_____	_____
D.	Renal-pancreas transplant	_____	_____
E.	Donor nephrectomy	_____	_____
F.	Donor hepatectomy	_____	_____
G.	En bloc abdominal organ retrieval	_____	_____
H.	Other major organ transplant	_____	_____

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XXVI _____

XXVII. ENCOSCOPY

- a. Esophagogastroduodenoscopy (EGD) _____
- b. Percutaneous endoscopic gastrostomy (PEG) _____
- c. Colonoscopy _____
- d. Bronchoscopy _____
- e. Rigid sigmoidoscopy _____
- f. Flexible sigmoidoscopy _____
- g. Cystoscopy _____
- h. Mediastinoscopy _____
- i. ERCP _____
- j. Other major endoscopy _____

TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XXVII _____

GENERAL SURGERY

DEPARTMENTAL SEGREGATED TOTALS – PART II

MINOR PROCEDURES

Institution: _____

Total General Surgery Minor Procedures for Training Year: _____

	Procedures	Mortalities
I. WOUNDS/LACERATIONS		
A. Opening abdomen	_____	_____
B. Closing abdomen	_____	_____
C. Excision of benign skin lesions	_____	_____
D. Repair of simple laceration	_____	_____
E. Repair of complex laceration	_____	_____
F. Debridement of ulcer/wound	_____	_____
G. Drainage of abscess	_____	_____
H. Excision of lymph node	_____	_____
I. Other minor wound surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION I	_____	_____
II. HEMORRHOIDECTOMY		
A. Surgical excision	_____	_____
B. Harmonic scalpel	_____	_____
C. Rubber band ligation	_____	_____
D. Injection therapy	_____	_____
E. Other hemorrhoidectomy	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION II	_____	_____
III. ANUS		
A. Fissurectomy	_____	_____
B. Fistulectomy	_____	_____
C. Drainage of perianal abscess	_____	_____
D. Other minor anus surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION III	_____	_____

	Procedures	Mortalities
IV. BREAST		
A. Excision of palpable mass	_____	_____
B. Excision of nonpalpable mass (needle-localization)	_____	_____
C. ABBI	_____	_____
D. Mammotome	_____	_____
E. Drainage of breast abscess	_____	_____
F. Aspiration of breast cyst	_____	_____
G. True-cut breast biopsy	_____	_____
H. Other minor breast surgery/biopsy	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION IV	_____	_____
V. GYNECOLOGY		
A. Excision of vulva lesion	_____	_____
B. Drainage/excision Bartholin cyst	_____	_____
C. Repair of vagina laceration	_____	_____
D. Excision of vagina lesion	_____	_____
E. Colposcopy	_____	_____
F. Cervical conization	_____	_____
G. Repair of cervical laceration	_____	_____
H. Fractional dilatation and curettage (D&C)	_____	_____
I. Endometrial biopsy	_____	_____
J. Other minor gynecological surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION V	_____	_____
VI. GENITOURINARY		
A. Urethral dilatation	_____	_____
B. Cystoscopy	_____	_____
C. Circumcision (pediatric/adult)	_____	_____
D. Vasectomy	_____	_____
E. Supra-pubic catheter placement	_____	_____
F. Other minor genitourinary surgery	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION VI	_____	_____
VII. VASCULAR ACCESS PROCEDURES		
A. Temporary dialysis catheter placement	_____	_____
B. Permanent dialysis catheter placement	_____	_____
C. Infusaport (Mediport) catheter placement	_____	_____
D. Hickman/Groshong catheter placement	_____	_____
E. Broviac (pediatric) venous catheter placement	_____	_____
F. Removal of permanent vascular access device	_____	_____
G. Other vascular access procedure	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION VII	_____	_____

	Procedures	Mortalities
VIII. SURGICAL NUTRITION		
A. Needle jejunostomy placement	_____	_____
B. Nasojejunal feeding tube placement	_____	_____
C. Total parenteral nutrition (TPN) management	_____	_____
D. Other surgical nutrition procedure/management	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION VIII	_____	_____
IX. SURGICAL CRITICAL CARE		
A. Central venous catheter placement	_____	_____
B. Arterial line placement	_____	_____
C. Pulmonary artery catheter placement (Swan-Ganz)	_____	_____
D. Hemodynamic parameter management	_____	_____
E. Ventilator management (routine)	_____	_____
F. Ventilator management (complex)	_____	_____
G. Oral/nasal endotracheal intubation	_____	_____
H. ACLS code	_____	_____
I. Open tracheostomy	_____	_____
J. Percutaneous tracheostomy	_____	_____
K. ICP/ CPP management	_____	_____
L. RVEDVI catheter placement	_____	_____
M. Chest tube placement (non-trauma)	_____	_____
N. Abdominal compartment pressure monitoring	_____	_____
O. Trans-venous pacemaker placement	_____	_____
P. Gastric tonometry management	_____	_____
Q. CVVH/CAVH	_____	_____
R. PICC line placement	_____	_____
S. Other critical care procedure	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION IX	_____	_____
X. TRAUMA PROCEDURES		
A. ATLS/FAST	_____	_____
B. FAST (repeat examination)	_____	_____
C. Chest tube placement	_____	_____
D. Introducer (Cordis) placement	_____	_____
E. Emergent cricothyroidotomy	_____	_____
F. Diagnostic peritoneal lavage (DPL)	_____	_____
G. Pericardiocentesis	_____	_____
H. Saphrenous vein cut-down	_____	_____
I. Other minor trauma procedure	_____	_____
TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION X	_____	_____

		Procedures	Mortalities
XI.	MISCELLANEOUS PROCEDURES		
A.	Paracentesis	_____	_____
B.	Thoracentesis	_____	_____
C.	Needle liver biopsy	_____	_____
D.	Needle aspiration thyroid cyst	_____	_____
E.	Other minor surgical procedure (list separately)	_____	_____
	TOTAL PROCEDURES SECTION XI	_____	_____

Comments: